

CONSERVATION PRACTICE PHYSICAL EFFECT WORKSHEET

NOTE: recorded in Microsoft word 6.0 - use tabs to change cells/fields

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| STATE | | FIELD OFFICE | | DATE | |
| PRACTICE: 644 Wildlife Wetland Habitat Management | | | NOTES: | | |
| RESOURCE: SOIL | | | Help Message: Click on form field for choice lists. Tab key to move around. "N/A" is the default. | | |
| RESOURCE CONCERN: EROSION | | | | | |
| RESOURCE INDICATORS | | | PHYSICAL EFFECTS | | |
| SHEET AND RILL | | | Slight to significant decrease because of establishment or management of permanent cover or reduced tillage, or both. | | |
| WIND | | | Slight to significant decrease because of establishment or management permanent cover or reduced tillage, or both. | | |
| EPHEMERAL GULLY | | | Slight to significant decrease because of establishment or management permanent cover or reduced tillage, or both. | | |
| CLASSIC GULLY | | | Negligible | | |
| STREAMBANK | | | Slight to significant decrease because of establishment of protective riparian vegetation. | | |
| IRRIGATION INDUCED | | | Slight to significant decrease a because of management permanent cover. | | |
| SOIL MASS MOVEMENT | | | Negligible | | |
| ROADBANK/CONSTRUCTION | | | Negligible | | |
| OTHER | | | | | |
| RESOURCE CONCERN: SOIL CONDITION | | | | | |
| SOIL TILTH | | | Significant increase because of establishment and management of permanent cover, deposition of organic material, increased microbiological action, and reduced tillage. | | |
| SOIL COMPACTION | | | Significant decrease because of establishment and management of permanent cover, deposition of organic material, increased microbiological action, and reduced tillage. | | |
| SOIL CONTAMINATION | | | | | |
| • SALTS | | | Moderate to significant decrease because of uptake of chemical by hydrophytes. | | |
| • ORGANICS | | | Moderate to significant decrease because of uptake of organic by hydrophytes | | |
| FERTILIZERS | | | Moderate to significant decrease because of uptake of nutrients by hydrophytes | | |
| • PESTICIDES | | | Moderate to significant decreases because of less pesticide use and hydrophytes uptake some pesticide. | | |
| • OTHER | | | | | |
| DEPOSITION/DAMAGE | | | | | |
| • ONSITE | | | Slight to significant increase because establishment of impoundment and hydrophytic plant community which trap sediment. | | |
| • OFFSITE | | | Negligible to significant decrease because of trapping onsite. | | |
| DEPOSITION/SAFETY | | | | | |
| • ONSITE | | | Negligible to slight increase because establishment of impoundment and hydrophytic plant community which trap sediment. | | |
| • OFFSITE | | | Negligible to significant decrease because of trapping onsite. | | |
| OTHER | | | | | |

| RESOURCE: WATER RESOURCE CONCERN: WATER QUANTITY | |
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| RESOURCE INDICATORS | PHYSICAL EFFECTS |
| RESOURCE: WATER RESOURCE CONCERN: WATER QUANTITY | |
| SEEPS | Significant to decrease because of water management if seep is incorporate in constructed wetland. Slight to significant increase if seep develops downstream of constructed wetland of if existing seep is managed wetland. |
| RUNOFF/FLOODING | Slight to moderate decrease because of increased water storage dependent on amount of storage area relative to runoff quantity. |
| EXCESS SUBSURFACE WATER | Negligible to moderate increase because of water management dependent on extent of impoundment creation and management. |
| INADEQUATE OUTLETS | Slight to moderate decrease because of water management dependent on location in relation to outlets because temporary or permanent waters storage. |
| WATER MGT. IRRIGATION | |
| • SURFACE | Slight to moderate decrease because of water management when used as temporary or permanent source of irrigation water. |
| • SPRINKLER | Slight to moderate decrease because of water management when used as temporary or permanent source of irrigation water |
| WATER MGT. NON-IRRIGATED | Slight to significant increase because of water management if wet areas are converted to wetland or if constructed or maintained wetlands contributes to groundwater or inter flow |
| RESTRICTED FLOW CAPACITY (H ₂ O convey.) | |
| • ONSITE | Slight to significant decrease because of increased hydrophytic vegetation and impounded water will reduce erosion and sedimentation. |
| • OFFSITE | Slight to moderate decrease because of increased hydrophytic vegetation and impounded water will reduce erosion and sedimentation. |
| RESTRICTED STORAGE | Slight to moderate decrease because of increased hydrophytic vegetation and impounded water will reduce erosion and sedimentation. |
| OTHER | |

| RESOURCE: WATER RESOURCE CONCERN: WATER QUALITY | |
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| GROUNDWATER CONTAMINANTS | |
| • PESTICIDES | Negligible to moderate decrease because habitat reduces need to use chemicals and increased vegetation will uptake pesticides. Negligible to significant increased if impoundment's cause leaching of pesticide. |
| • NUTRIENTS AND ORGANICS | Negligible to moderate decrease because wetland management reduces need to add nutrients and uptake of nutrients by hydrophytes. Negligible to significant increased if impoundment's cause leaching of pesticide. |
| • SALINITY | Negligible to moderate decrease because of uptake of salinity by hydrophytes. Negligible to significant increased if impoundment cause leaching of salinity. |
| • HEAVY METALS | Negligible to slight decrease because of uptake of heavy metals by |

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| | hydrophytes. Negligible to significant increased if impoundment cause leaching of heavy metals. |
| • PATHOGENS | Negligible to significant decrease because of assimilation of pathogens by increased microbiological action. |
| • OTHER | |
| SURFACE WATER CONTAMINANTS | |
| • PESTICIDES | Moderate to significant decrease because permanent habitat reduces need to use chemicals and increase vegetation will reduce runoff and transport of pesticide. |
| • NUTRIENTS AND ORGANICS | Moderate to significant decrease because increased vegetation will reduce runoff and transport of nutrients and organic. |
| • SUSPENDED SEDIMENTS | Moderate to significant decrease because increased vegetation will reduce runoff and transport of sediment. |
| • LOW DISSOLVED OXYGEN | Moderate to significant increase because vegetation reduces runoff of sediment and increase streambank vegetation. |
| • SALINITY | Moderate to significant decrease because permanent vegetation will reduce runoff and transport of salinity. |
| • HEAVY METALS | Slight to moderate decrease because permanent vegetation will decrease runoff and transport of heavy metals. |
| • WATER TEMPERATURE | Moderate to significant increase because of increase of retention time of water in impoundment. |
| • PATHOGENS | Slight to moderate decrease because of increased assimilation of pathogens in wetlands and reduce runoff and transport of pathogens. |
| AQUATIC HABITAT SUITABILITY | Moderate to significant increased because of establishment and management of wetlands habitat and entrapment of sediments, organic, and nutrients. Improved downstream water quality. |
| OTHER | |
| RESOURCE: AIR | |
| RESOURCE CONCERN: AIR QUALITY | |
| AIRBORNE SEDIMENT AND SMOKE PARTICLES | |
| • ONSITE SAFETY | Slight decrease because of increase of vegetative cover and impoundment. |
| • OFFSITE SAFETY | Moderate to significant decrease because of increased of vegetative cover and impoundment. |
| • ONSITE STRUCT. PROBLEMS | Moderate to significant decrease because of increased of vegetative cover and impoundment |
| • OFFSITE STRUCT. PROBLEMS | Negligible. |
| • ONSITE HEALTH | Slight decrease because of increase of vegetative cover and impoundment. |
| • OFFSITE HEALTH | Slight decrease because of increase of vegetative cover and impoundment |
| AIRBORNE SEDIMENT CAUSING CONVEYANCE PROBLEMS | Slight decrease because of increase of vegetative cover and impoundment. |
| AIRBORNE CHEMICAL DRIFT | Slight decrease because of infrequent chemical use. |
| AIRBORNE ODORS | Negligible to significant decrease because of increased vegetative cover. Slight to moderate increase because some wetland odors are objectionable to some people. |
| FUNGI, MOLDS, AND POLLEN | Slight increase because of greater variety of plants. |
| OTHER | |
| RESOURCE CONCERN: AIR CONDITION | |
| AIR TEMPERATURE | Slight to moderate decrease in summer because of increased |

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| | evaporation and transpiration. |
| AIR MOVEMENT (windbreak effect) | Slight to moderate decrease because of increased hydrophytic vegetation. |
| HUMIDITY | Moderate increase because of increased evaporation and transpiration |
| OTHER | |

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| RESOURCE: PLANT | |
| RESOURCE CONCERN: SUITABILITY | |
| RESOURCE INDICATORS | PHYSICAL EFFECTS |
| SITE ADAPTATION | Moderate to significant decrease because establishment of adapted vegetation, creation of impoundment and manipulation of water levels. |
| PLANT USE | Moderate to significant decrease because of establishment of desired vegetation. |
| OTHER | |
| RESOURCE CONCERN: CONDITION | |
| PRODUCTIVITY | Moderate to significant decrease because of creation of impoundment and manipulation of water levels resulting in increased productivity of wetland plants. |
| HEALTH, VIGOR, SURVIVAL | Moderate to significant decrease because creation of impoundment and manipulation of water levels. |
| OTHER | |
| RESOURCE CONCERN: MANAGEMENT | |
| ESTAB., GROWTH, HARVEST | Moderate to significant decrease because of creation of impoundment and/or manipulation of water levels resulting in increased productivity of wetland plants. |
| NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT | Not applicable |
| PESTS | Moderate to significant decrease because of permanent adapted vegetation will result in less pest and active management will control pest. |
| THREAT/ENDANGERED PLANTS | sign. benefit to threat./endangered plants |
| OTHER | |
| RESOURCE: ANIMAL | |
| RESOURCE CONCERN: HABITAT | |
| FOOD | Significant decrease because of establishment of adapted hydrophytes or upland food plants and maintenance of water quality . |
| COVER/SHELTER | Significant decrease because of establishment of adapted hydrophytes and nesting cover. |
| WATER (QUANTITY & QUALITY) | Slight to significant decrease because of creation and maintenance of impoundment. |
| OTHER | |
| RESOURCE CONCERN: MANAGEMENT | |
| POPULATION BALANCE | Slight to significant decrease because of increased plant diversity and increased supply of needed food. |
| THREAT/ENDANGERED ANIMALS | mod. benefit to threat./endangered animals |
| HEALTH | moder. improvement in animal mgt./ health |
| OTHER | |
| RESOURCE: HUMAN | |
| RESOURCE CONCERNS: ECONOMIC CONSIDERATIONS | |

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| PLAN / COST EFFECTIVENESS | N/A |
| CLIENT FINANCIAL CONDITION | N/A |
| MARKETS FOR PRODUCTS | N/A |
| AVAILABLE LABOR | N/A |
| AVAILABLE EQUIPMENT | N/A |
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| RESOURCE: HUMAN | |
| RESOURCE CONCERN: SOCIAL CONSIDERATIONS | |
| RESOURCE INDICATORS | PHYSICAL EFFECTS |
| PUBLIC HEALTH AND SAFETY | N/A |
| PRIVATE/PUBLIC VALUES | N/A |
| CLIENT CHARACTERISTICS | N/A |
| RISK TOLERANCE | N/A |
| TENURE | N/A |
| OTHER | |
| RESOURCE CONCERN: CULTURAL CONSIDERATIONS | |
| ABSENCE/PRESENCE OF CULTURAL RESOURCES | N/A |
| SIGNIFICANCE OF CULTURAL RESOURCES | N/A |
| MITIGATION OF NEGATIVE CULTURAL RES. IMPACTS | N/A |
| OTHER | |
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